## Changes to the Index Guidebook and the Constituents Selection Rules of the Nikkei Stock Average

From May 10 to June 12, Nikkei Inc. consulted about the introduction of the "Stepwise Addition" and changes to the "Technical Listing" Rules of the Nikkei Stock Average (Nikkei 225). Nikkei asked 2 questions and the majority of the answers to all of these questions were affirmative. As a result, Nikkei concluded that its proposals were supported and revises as presented in Exhibit 1 "Details of the changes to the Index Guidebook and the Constituents Selection Rules". The changes will be implemented from the periodic review in October 2023.

In addition to the 2 specific questions, Nikkei also invited consultation participants' "opinions and ideas to further improve the Nikkei 225" as question No.3. Summary of comments to the question No.3 is shown in Exhibit 2. Nikkei intends to treat these comments as valuable inputs to further improve the quality of the Nikkei 225.

\_\_\_\_\_

Above changes to the "Technical Listing" Rules are applied also to the Nikkei Stock Index 300 and the Nikkei 500 Stock Average. Refer to the Index Guidebook of these indexes for details. Exhibit 1: Details of the changes to the Index Guidebook and the Constituents Selection Rules

\* Changes are underlined. No modification is made from the proposal.

## 1 Introduction of the "Stepwise Addition" to the constituents of the Nikkei 225

[Index Guidebook] 3: Calculation method (2) Price Adjustment Factor ①Setting PAF

Current Rule	New rule after consultation
The PAF of a stock to be added to the	The PAF of a stock to be added to the
Nikkei 225 is 1. However, the value	Nikkei 225 is 1. However, the value
other than 1 (0.1 to 0.9) may be assigned	other than 1 (0.1 to 0.9) may be assigned
provided that the price of such stock on the	provided that the price of such stock on the
base dates (end of January and July)	base dates (end of January and July)
exceeds 1% of the sum of constituent	exceeds 1% of the sum of constituent
prices. It is set at the highest value which	prices. It is set at the highest value which
does not exceed 1% of the sum of the	does not exceed 1% of the sum of the
prices by 0.1 interval.	prices by 0.1 interval.
PAF = sum of Adjusted stock price of the constituents x $1\%$ / the stock price of the new constituent.	PAF = sum of Adjusted stock price of the constituents x $1\%$ / the stock price of the new constituent.
Note) PAF is evaluated on the base date	Note) PAF is evaluated on the base date
and rounded down to the nearest 0.1.	and rounded down to the nearest 0.1.
When a stock of a newly established	If an average daily trading value of a stock
holding company is added replacing the	to be added is relatively low compared
delisting original company, value other	with its expected weight, the stock may be
than 1 may be set in accordance with the	added with the PAF which is one-half
ratio of stock transfer, etc. in the	(rounded up to the nearest 0.1) of the value
establishment of the holding company.	set by the method described above. In such
	case, the PAF of the stock shall be raised
Also note that if the stock price of the new	to the planned value at the next periodic
constituent fluctuates drastically after the	review in principle. When a stock of a
base date until the effective date of the	newly established holding company is
change, the PAF may be adjusted. In this	added replacing the delisting original

Contact: Index Business Office, Nikkei Inc. https://www1.entryform.jp/nikkei\_indexes\_contact\_en/

case, such an adjustment will be	company, value other than 1 may be set in
announced at least 5 business days before	accordance with the ratio of stock transfer,
the effective date in principle.	etc. in the establishment of the holding
	company.
	Also note that if the stock price of the new
	constituent fluctuates drastically after the
	base date until the effective date of the
	change, the PAF may be adjusted. In this
	case, such an adjustment will be
	announced at least 5 business days before
	the effective date in principle.

[Index Guidebook] 3: Calculation method (4) Divisor - Points on the divisor change①

[Index Subdebook] 5: Subdulation method (	
Current Rule	New rule after consultation
① Divisor is recalculated when the	① Divisor is recalculated when the
following events happen.	following events happen.
i) Changes in the constituents	i) Changes in the constituents
ii) Corporate action such as split, reverse	ii) Corporate action such as split, reverse
split, paid-in capital increase. However,	split, paid-in capital increase. However,
when the split or the reverse split is in a	when the split or the reverse split is in a
large scale, the price adjustment factor	large scale, the price adjustment factor
may also be adjusted. The divisor may not	may also be adjusted. The divisor may not
be changed so long as the adjusted price is	be changed so long as the adjusted price is
unchanged before and after such	unchanged before and after such
split/reverse split.	split/reverse split.
iii) Capping ratio application, revision, or	iii) Capping ratio application, revision,
cancellation.	cancellation or raising the PAF to the
	planned value for a stock whose PAF was
	one-half of the planned value.

## **②** "Technical Listing" stock be replaced on its listing date

[Constituent Selection Rules] 3: Extraordinary Replacement Rules (3) Timing of the constituent change

Current Rule Proposed new rule
--------------------------------

Contact: Index Business Office, Nikkei Inc. https://www1.entryform.jp/nikkei\_indexes\_contact\_en/

In principle, for each reason under 3(1),	In principle, for each reason under 3(1),
constituents are deleted and added as	constituents are deleted and added as
follows. The effective date is announced	follows. The effective date is announced
for each event.	for each event.
i) Designated as a "Security to be	i) Designated as a "Security to be
Delisted" or "Securities on Alert": five	Delisted" or "Securities on Alert": five
business days after the designation.	business days after the designation.
ii) Delisted due to corporate restructuring	ii) Delisted due to corporate restructuring
such as merger, share exchange or share	such as merger, share exchange or share
transfer and iii) Transfer to the market	transfer and iii) Transfer to the market
other than the Prime: effective date of the	other than the Prime: effective date of the
event.	event. <u>However, in case that a</u>
In case that a constituent designated as a	constituent stock is delisted due to a
stock under supervision is deemed as	corporate restructuring and a stock of a
highly inappropriate and will be deleted,	company which succeeds the substance of
the announcement will be made	the delisting company is added, the newly
approximately two weeks before its	listed stock will replace on the date of its
effective date. Even if such a constituent	listing in principle.
is designated as a stock to be delisted	In case that a constituent designated as a
before the pre-announced effective date,	stock under supervision is deemed as
the pre-announced effective date survives.	highly inappropriate and will be deleted,
	the announcement will be made
	approximately two weeks before its
	effective date. Even if such a constituent
	is designated as a stock to be delisted
	before the pre-announced effective date,
	the pre-announced effective date survives.

[Index Guidebook] 3: Calculation method (1)	Selection of the prices
---	-------------------------

Current Rule	Proposed new rule
Prices to be used for the calculation are	Prices to be used for the calculation are
selected in the following order of priority.	selected in the following order of priority.
1. Special Quote or sequential trade quote	1. Special Quote or sequential trade quote
2. Traded price	2. Traded price
3. Base price	3. Base price

Contact: Index Business Office, Nikkei Inc. https://www1.entryform.jp/nikkei\_indexes\_contact\_en/

<pre><snip> The theoretical price is calculated based on the price (i.e. special quote or sequential trade quote or closing price) used for the calculation on the preceding day. For example, if the closing price on the preceding day was 1000 yen for a constituent and it goes for 1 to 1.1 split today, the theoretical price for today is 909.1 yen (=1000 / 1.1) and this is the theoretical price for this constituent.</snip></pre>	<snip> The theoretical price is calculated based on the price (i.e. special quote or sequential trade quote or closing price) used for the calculation on the preceding day. For example, if the closing price on the preceding day was 1000 yen for a constituent and it goes for 1 to 1.1 split today, the theoretical price for today is 909.1 yen (=1000 / 1.1) and this is the theoretical price for this constituent.</snip>
Also note that ex-dividend is not treated as an ex-right for the calculation of the Nikkei225.	Note that in the case where a newly listed company which succeeds the substance of a constituent stock to be delisted due to a corporate restructuring is added on its listing date, the base price on the first day of addition for the stock to be added shall be the price based on the last price of the stock to be delisted used in the calculation of the Nikkei 225 at the closing of the previous day of its delisting date considering with the integration ratio and other factors. Also note that ex-dividend is not treated as an ex-right for the calculation of the Nikkei225.

In addition to the above amendments, simple replacements of the words/concepts are made to the text of the Index Guidebook and the Constituent Selection Rules. Please refer to the revised Index Guidebook and Constituent Selection Rules for detail.

Exhibit 2: Summary of comments to Q3 "opinions and ideas to further improve the Nikkei 225"

In this consultation, Nikkei asked a general question (question No. 3) regarding possible measures to maintain and improve the quality of the Nikkei 225. Please find below the summary of the comments to this question No. 3.

[from Security & Financial institution]

We believe that the series of rule revisions will considerably reduce the impact on price formation at the index rebalance. Although the effect on some highly priced constituents needs to be noted, we expect Nikkei continues periodical consultations and listens to the opinions in the market.

[from Security & Financial institution]

Nikkei should, after verifying the weights, consider increasing the PAFs of the stocks, whose PAFs are regulated so that their weights do not exceed 1% when they are newly adopted, at the subsequent periodic reviews. As a result, the concentration of weights in the top stocks will be eased, and the quality of the Nikkei 225 will be improved.

[from Security & Financial institution]

We would welcome further information and transparency on the methodology for e.g. criteria for stepwise addition, liquidity calculations etc.

[from Self-employed, Individual, Others]

Please improve the situation where the index doesn't work well due to high contribution of some stocks.